G. R. S. 58]

Previous references.

192 (Emigrant)

File No. 31 24

Serial Nos. 1-2

Later references.

31-24-3,5

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

60-31-142

Serial Nos.

Part B for November 1924

SUBJECT

Reconstruction of Sri Kalaseswara Swami temple at Kalasa, Mudigere Taluq.

G.O. No. 628-31 To the Mys. Comr. Lr.

Dated 3.11.24

Request to submit a final report in certain matters

MUZRAI SECRETARIAT.

(Muzrai)

NOTES.

File No. 31
1924

FILE HEADING.

Requirements of Sri Kalaseswara Swami temple at Kalasa, Mudigere Talup.

From The Muzrai Commissioner

C No 126 Dated 2.8.1924 Received 8-8-1924

Diary No.	Enclos.	Spare Copies.	Serial No
1776	1776	—	1

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

Submits report with reference to the observations made by the Dewan in his note of inspection of the Kadur Divn about the deputation of a Sub Divn officer to go into the position of

NOTES AND ORDERS.

Kalasa temple, examine its leases, system of sale, condition of case and other matters.

Y The Dy. Commissioner's and Muzrai commissioner's reports go fully into the facts of the case.

WD 0560—GPB—500—9 8 22

Serial No.

2. The points touched therein are indicated below:

(1) Leases and System of sale:-

3 The Muz. Com states that these are all right and no special measures are necessary, and that pending Darkhasts will be disposed of early, and adds that he will further examine the nature and tenure of the inams enjoyed by temple Servants for service during Ratotsava.

(2) Management of Sandalwood and other forest produce grown on temple lands:-

4 The Muz. Comr promises to submit proposals in due course.

(3) Surplus funds of the temple:-

(G.O. No. 1103-13 Dt 26.9.1919)

One of 3½% Govt of India Securities held on behalf of the temple, Securities to the face Value of Rs 1,25,000/ have been appropriated towards the corpus of the Govt. Muz. funds and securities of the face value of Rs 13989-4-9 to the temple credit. It is proposed to invest in the 6½% State loan of 1960, the sum of Rs 10,000 and a portion of the

Note-Contn. Sheet

Serial No.

cash balance at the temple credit.

5. Out of the loan of Rs 15,000/ advanced to Sri Sivaganga mats 2 instalments of Rs 1500/ each have been paid and on account of strained finances, the 3rd instalment has not been paid. The Muz. Comr promises to submit further report in the matter of consolidating the loan and recovering it in easy instalments.

(4) Improvement to Rama mandiram and Re-building Ganapati temple & near the Bhadra River :—

The Muz. Comr states that he will remind the Dy. Comr to expedite submission of estimates.

(5) Repairs to the temple jewels. —

The Muz. Comr states that no further orders are necessary as an estimate for Rs 243-8-0

(S.O. no. 42-43 B/4)

Serial No.

has been sanctioned and the works are in progress.

(6) The Muz. Commr promises to submit a revised scale of expenditure in due course.

(7) Re the temple car:—

The construction of a new car for the use of the temple at a cost not exceeding Rs 6000/ has been sanctioned in S.O. no. 367-8 B/ 5-9-1924.

(8) In the matter of the improvement of the water supply to Kalasa town, the Muz Commr is awaiting the receipt of the revised project from the Chief Engineer. (Vide linked file).

Submitted for orders.

7. 9. 24

Cashewnuts what is the explan submitting a note in this paper?

V. G. M.

Ag Dy. Secy

S.O. no. 1240-2 B/123/24

a revised estimate for Rs 5143/ for repairs to Sri Kalaseswara Swami temple has been sanctioned

B/ 14.9.24

The ASST Secretary's permission was obtained to await receipt of connected files & hold members' orders, and also to trace out certain other files (Vide linked Routine note)

19/9

8 No orders are necessary on this Comm. It may be recorded with the observation that the final reports on the various schemes will be given

NOTE—Contn S'det

File No. of 19

Serial No.

NOTE—Contn. Sheet

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Land File No. 31 of 1924

Serial No.

DEWAN'S OFFICE,
Trgn. 6 OCT. 1924
Reg. No. 2791

Mutha 1 file

9th The Kalsa Committee may be requested to submit a report stating in respect of the following matters

(1) Details of the pending Starkfork [illegible]

(2) Examination of the case of permanent lease of the temple lands [illegible] for the sake of the assessment of certain persons

(3) The crediting of the temple account of the sale proceeds of sandal in previous years or undated

(4) The transfer & safe custody & management of the forests belonging to the temple

(5) The revision of the scale of receipts & Expenditure of the temple

(6) Watersupply to Kalsa

10 The papers may be submitted for Dewan's personal orders

2/3/10

Dewan

11) Temple Dividend of [illegible] recorded with the Kalsa proceedings

2/10

NOTE-Contn Sheet

File No 31 of 19 24.

Serial No.

12) Dft. S.O. Submitted.
T.C. 10/10/24. BL 10/10/24

13) See remarks
L 12 10 24

14) Dft S.O. revised and Submitted
BL 15/10/24.
15/10/24

15) Brs up
L 16 10 24

16) Dai Dsp
L 18 10 24

✓ Initialled upon the Ass't Secretary.
BL 20/10/24.

18) Dr appd
L 21 10 24

Rec. Secy. 19) Copies pc 30/10

20) Issue.
L 30 10 24

N.2. To the Marquis Camden, Comptroller, Genl, Local & Legis. Depts. I.D.Q. Letter No. 628-31 d. 3.11.24. Records The above report and requests The Marquis Camden to submit a final report early on the action taken in respect of certain questions & the question of an Inter-Services may be decided early date.

NOTE—Contn Sheet

C 126 of 23-24
Encl. on file.

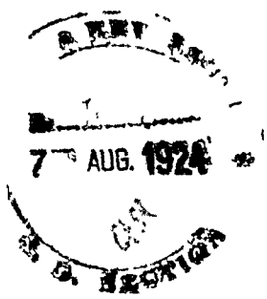
Office of the Muzrai Commissioner
in Mysore
Bangalore, Dated 2nd August 1924.

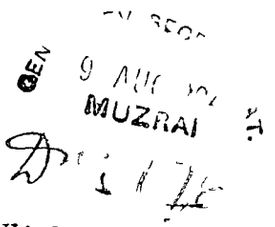
8341

From

K.Chandy, Esq, B.A.

Muzrai Commissioner in Mysore.





K.V.Anantaraman, Esq, B.A.

Secretary to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore, Revenue Department.

Muzj. 31-24-1.

Sir,

With reference to the observations made by the Dewan in his notes of inspection of the Kadur District about the deputation of a Sub Division Officer to go into the position of the Kalasa temple, examine its leases, system of sale, the condition of the car and other matters requiring urgent attention and in continuation of this office letter C.No.126 of 23-24 dated 23rd May 1924, I have the honour to submit herewith copy of letter H.C.No.93/23-24 dated 1st July 1924 from the Deputy Commissioner Kadur District submittinga report embodying the result of the investigation of the temple affairs conducted by him.

2259/55-28 before the member.

2. The Deputy Commissioners report is full and deals with the present state of things and the future requirements in sufficient detail.

(a) The existing leases and the system of sale seem to be all right and no special measures in this direction are necessary as opened by the Deputy Commissioner. He will be asked to dispose of early the Darkhasts that are reported to be pending.

The nature and tenure of the inams enjoyed by the temple servants for service rendered during the car festival and other occasions will be further examined in connection with the revision of the tasdik Patti and necessary orders passed in the matter.

(b) As regards the better management of the sandalwood grown on temple gomal and Kharab lands and the exploitation

of the timber and other forest produce, I was till lately in correspondence with the Conservator of Forests and some definite proposals have been formulated. These proposals have been referred to the temple Dharmadarsis and on receipt of the Deputy Commissioner's reply the matter will be submitted for the orders of Government.

(c) The surplus funds of the temple have not been accurately noted by the Deputy Commissioner. Out of 3½ P/C Government of India Securities held on behalf of the temple, Securities to the face value of Rs.1,25,000/- have been appropriated towards the corpus of the General Muzrai Fund(Vide G.O.No.1103-13/M.F. 599-18-2 dated 28-9-1919) leaving securities of the value of Rs.13989-4-9 to the temple credit. The sum of Rs.10,000/- held in the conversion of loan Bonds of 1919-20 together with a portion of the cash balance that was available at the credit of the Institution on 30th June 1923 has been proposed for investment in the 6¼% State Loan of 1940.

Of the loan advanced to Sri Sivaganga Matha, two instalments of Rs.1500/- each have been paid leaving a balance of Rs.12000/-. The third instalment is now due but on account of the strained finances of the Matha, it has not been paid. A proposal to consolidate the loans payable to this temple and the Nowl Krishna Doss Charities and to make the instalment annually payable as easy one is under my consideration and definite recommendations will be separately submitted in the matter.

No loan has been advanced to the Sri Vyasarayaswami Matha as stated by the Deputy Commissioner. The Comptroller to Government will be requested to intimate the correct financial position of the temple to the Deputy Commissioner.

(d) The estimates for the improvement of the Rama Mandira which is proposed to be utilized as a Musafirkhana and for re-building the Ganapati temple near the Bhadra river will be worked up as soon as they are received from the Deputy Commissio

He will also be reminded in the matter.

The suggestion to make an allotment for the annual repairs of the temple buildings etc, will be considered in connection with the revision of the tasdik Patti.

(e) No further orders about the repairs to jewels are just now necessary as an estimate for Rs.243-8-0 has been sanctioned in G.O.No.42-43/M.F,203-23-9 dated 10th July 1924 and the works are reported to be in progress.

The Deputy Commissioner will be requested to obtain the necessary boxes for lodging the valuable jewels.

(f) The further scrutiny of the proposals for fixing a revised scale of expenditure in the temple worked up in the late Muzrai Superintendent's office had been deferred pending the issue of final orders on the claim of the temple for toddy revenue from its inam lands. Now that the claim of the temple has been rejected the proposals formulated so far back as 1920-21 will be re-examined and necessary orders passed early.

(g) As regards the supply of a new car, kind reference is invited to my letter of the 23rd May 1924 soliciting orders on the proposals sent up by the Deputy Commissioner. Further action will be taken on receipt of Government Orders.

(h) The receipt of the revised project noted in the Chief Engineer's notes of Inspection for the improvement of the water supply to the town will be awaited and the Chief Engineer reminded again if no reply is received soon.

3. With the above observations on the several proposals made by the Deputy Commissioner, I submit the connected papers for perusal and necessary order of Government.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Assistant Commissioner,
For Muzrai Commissioner
(Absent from station)

Letter No.93/23-24 dated 1st July 1924 from the Deputy Commissioner,Kadur District to the Muzrai Commissioner in Mysore.

=======

With reference to correspondence ending with your letter No. 126 of 23-24 dated 3rd January 1924, I have the honour to state that as instructed by the Dewan in his tour notes, I have made an investigation into the affairs of the Sri Kalaseswara temple at Kalasa Mudigere Taluk and I beg to submit the following report embodying the result of my investigation.

2. I visited the institution, examined the registers and properties thereof on the 12th to 14th April 1924. A copy of my inspection notes in the usual form is herein enclosed for information. A statement(A) showing the receipt, expenditure and the balance at the credit of the temple to the end of 22-23 together with two statements(B) and (C) showing respectively the receipts and expenditure of the temple for the three years as well as the sanctioned scale(D) are enclosed for reference.

3. It will be seen from these statements that the present average annual receipts of the temple amount to about Rs.12000/- and the average expenditure Rs.8500/- as against Rs.12987/- and Rs.6000/- respectively in 1897. The facevalue of surplus investments at the credit by the temple at the end of 1922-23 was Rs.184100/- while the income has remained almost stationery expenditure has risen in recent years by about 40%.

4. The main heads of the revenue of the insitutition are:== (i) Assignment and rent on occupied lands and Malki and upset price of fresh lands brought under occupation(2) Malnad Cash Inam which is fixed(3) receipts from sandal wood sales and other Forest produce (4) Interests on investment. As regards item(1) the administration of this item of revenue is in the control of revenue officers and is conducted as in the case of Government lands.Dharkhast applications are entertained and disposed of in accordance with Land Revenue Rules by the-Amildar and Deputy Commissioner and the annual Jammabandy is conducted by the Taluk and District Officers There are Inams to

5. The total assessment due to the temple according to survey valuation is Rs.4546-2-3 as settled during the Jamabandy for the current year. A statement(E) isappended showing the totals of the area under occupation and the assessed waste. The total extent of land belonging to the temple is 14351 acres of which 10956 acres are Gomal and Kharab lands and the remaining 3396 acres are cultivabl Out of this an extent of 3270 acres are under occupation and there is an area of 125 acres of assessed waste available for disposal. With regard to gomal and Kharab lands including coffee Kharab applications are coming in and they are being disposed of as in the case of Sircar lands and no special measures apart from what is required for speedy disposal of work in the Taluk Office appear to be necessary for improving the Revenue under this head. On the date of inspection 30 darkhasts for an aggregate extent of 257 acres were pending disposal and the Amildar has been asked to expedite the same.

6. Included in these Inams there are 9 survey Nos(vide statement which are in the Khate of the Deity but have long been in the possession and enjoyment of some temple servants on payment of only the survey assessment as Gutta or rent. No documents or Tittle deeds in support of the Kandayam gutta tenure were produced during my inspection. Similarly two lands in the Government portion of the village of Mavinkere Viz Survey Nos.51 and 52 measuring 19 guntas which are in the Khate of Sri Kalaseswara are in the possession and enjoyment of one kattige subba who pays only the assessment on the land as rent to the temple. Holders of these 11 survey Nos are expected to render some service to the temple during the car festival and other occasions. The Amildar has been asked to obtai n the statements of the present occupants examine as to how these lands came into their possession and what evidence there is for their being recognisedas khadim tenants and what special services are being rendered by the present occupants and to submit a special report on these points.

7. Besides these, the temple owns three survey Nos in Malignadu village namely 37,53 and 58 measuring two acres and 23 guntas assessed at Rs.8-4-0 which have been donated as Puduvat. The lease

rights of these lands are being sold as perrules and thepresent yield is Rs.50/- per annum. In the Yellemadlu village,Koppa Taluk the temple owns three lands survey Nos.2,26 and 44 measuring 21 acres 26 guntas assessed at Rs.52/- from which the institution was getting a net income of Only Rs.12/-. The lease right of these lands has now been sold as per rules foran annual revenue of Rs.129. It will thus be seen that attention is being paid to the disposal of the cultivable lands of thetemple to thebest advantage and that no special measures are required to beadopted in that connection. The extent of therights of the parties to enjoy the 11 survey numbers referred to above, on payment of assessment only will however be further examined.

8. No spedial remarks are necessary as regards the fixed item of Malnad Cash Inams.

9. The next important source of revenue is Sandal wood from temple gomal and Kharab lands is collected and marketted by the Forest Department and the net receipts are credited to the temple funds by means of book adjustment.

The arrangement in vogue is this:==

The dry mature sandal wood in the temple gomal lands is collected and cartedto the Chickmagalur Sandal Khoti by the Forest Subordinates on rates sanctioned for thecollection of the Government wood. The wood so collected is worked out and assorted into several classes and disposed of along with the Government wood as per standing orders. From the realisations the working charges namely the collection carting and preparation of wood in the Khoti together with 10% commission on the total sale value is deducted towards the supervision charges and the nwt receiptsare given credit to the temple funds. It is understood that separate Registers similar to those of the Forest proper are maintained in the Depot to account for the temple wood. From the information furnished to me by the District Forest Officer Kadur in his Demi Official No.39 dated 20-5-24 the net receipts credited to the temple from the last 10 years were as under:==

1913-14	Rs.1947/-
1916-17	Rs.19167/-
1920-21	Rs.5512/-

The District Forest Officer addsthat sums of Rs.1083-15-9 and Rs.4576-14-7 being proceeds of sales of wood in 1915-16 and 16-17 have according to his books yet to be credited to the temple and that the Conservator of Forests is being addressed in the matter. I have also taken up this question with the Conservator. During 22-23 the Sandal receipts were Rs.6399/-. The District or temple authorities have no control over this item of revenue. Intimation of credit is received during the monthly accounts from the Comptroller.

10. As regards other Forest Produce in the Inam lands the disposal of which rests with the Revenue Department the receipts are at present very insignificant. The inam villages have fairly extensive growth of Forests and it seems to me that there is scope for increase of Revenue under this head if the control and management of the entire forests be made over to the Forest Department as in the case of Sandal wood. The Conservator of Forests expects that abou Rs.1000/- may berealised from timber and other forest produce and 5 tons of sandal wood valued at Rs.5000/- annually. As desired in your letter No.C.980 of 22-23 dated 26th June 1924 thequestion will be examined in consultation with the Dharmadarsis and report submitted.

11. The bulk of the surplus funds of the temple is invested in Government Securities as noted in the margin and two sums of Rs. 15000/- and Rs.12000/- are lent to Shivaganga and Vyasaraya Mutts These investments are operated upon by the Comptrollerunder the orders of Government and amounts received on account of interest and repayment of loan to the credit of thetemple are intimated to this office in themonthly accounts.

12. The temple buildings have all been inspected by me. The main building is in good repair. An estimate for Rs.5173/- for repairing the Chandrasala and also the Ammanavaru temple which is badly leaky has been sanctioned by Government in No.1240-42 M.F. 55-23-10 dated 12-3-1924 and the Public Works Department has taken

up the work. The compound wall in front of the temple has fallen aws in some place and an estimate for Rs.132/- is prepared for its repairs Rama Mandiram is very damp and it is proposed o put it in order and make it available as a Musafarkhana. The Executive Engineer has been requested to prepare an estimate therefor and on its receipt a reference will be made to you in the matter. The Ganapathi temple near the Bhadra river which collapsed during the recent floods is to be repaired and an estimate for its reconstruction for Rs.550/- is under scrutiny by the Executive Engineer. A report will be made by me separately about this also. In the present sanctioned scale of expenditure no provision is made for the annual repairs for temple buildings. Special repairs are taken up according to urgency after obtaining sanction in each case. The Executive Engineer suggests and I agree with him that it would be conducive to economy and better maintenance if a suitable allotment be provided for in the scale of expenditure for annual repairs so that this office can sanction the necessary small repairs within the power of the Deputy Commissioner.

13. I have examined the temple jewels with reference to the property Register. I have made a separate reference in No.O.C. 1534/23-24 dated 17th June 1924 regarding the repairs to the Sirpesh and some other jewels in which some lost Rubies and stones have to be replaced or which have to be otherwise put in order. The following estimates for preparing silver ornaments and other works are sanctioned and they are in various stages of execution(vide sheet attached)

The Amildar has been asked to expedite the submission of completion reports. The valuable jewels which are required for use on spedial occasions are kept in a sealed box in the Taluk treasury and those required for ordinary use are kept in the custody of the two Shanbhogues Kalasappiah and Ananthabhatta who have furnished security Bonds to the extent of Rs.3000/- each. Other temple servants who have to deal in cash and stores have also furnished security Bonds. A list of these Bonds is also appended for information. The present arrangement of keeping the valuable jewels in small cloth bags mixed up one with the other is not satisfactory. From an

examination of the jewels Register it will be seen that there crepencies in the number of stones found in some of the jewels at each inspection and at this distance of time it is difficult to find out how the losses of stones have occurred. It seems to me that the dropping off of a few cut stones and rubies in some of the jewels is due mainly to the unsatisfactory way in which the jewels are kept in the Box. It is desirable that a small cushion property box should be obtained for thetemple to enable the more valuable jewels being safely lodged in it.

14. Coming next to the expenditure side it will be seen that the temple demands have as already stated increased in recent years while the income has been more or less stationery. The increase in experditure is unavoidable owing to the rise in price of food stuffs and other articles and enhancement of wages etc. Proposals have already been submitted in this office No.O.C.695/21-22 dated 3-12-21 for raising the scale of pay to some of thetemple servants and the expenditure for the Nithyakatle and Hechukatle Sevas. As suggested by the Executive Engineer some provision has to be made for undertakin the annual repairs out of the temple funds.

15. With regard to the supply of a new car to the temple as suggested in the Dewan's Tour notes a referencehas been madeto you in this office No.H.C.93/23-24 dated 25-4-24 and sanction to the estimate of Rs.6000/- is awaited.

16. The question of having a satisfactory water supply scheme for Kalasa is an urgent one. The Chief Engineer Mr.Bhore recently visited the place on 26-4-24 and a copy of his inspection notes is appended for your kind information.

17. I understand a sum of Rs.11000/- has already been spent out of the temple funds in acquiring lands and collecting materials etc. With the improvement of the water supply to Kalasa and the opening of road from Kalasa to Shamse, it is hoped that the town of Kalasa will rise in importance and that the resources of the temple will also develop by the expansion of cultivation and better exploitation of forest produce. The delay in the submission

submission of the report is due to pressure of work in the Typing section being the end of the official year.

"C O P Y"

For Muzrai Commissioner.

6/8/26

Extract from the Second Provircial tour of the Dewan of Mysore in the Districts of Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan in January and February 1923.

Kalasa Temple, Kalasa.

The Sri Kalaseswaraswami temple is one of the richest in Mysore, possessing large endowments. The face value of the investment of its funds is about Rs. 1,74,000. The balance in the Treasury at the credit of the temple is Rs. 49,067.

The income from all sources last year was Rs. 10,859 and the expenditure for the same period Rs. 8,140. The cost on establishment alone is Rs. 4,509. The Peishkar on Rs. 40 per mensem is in direct charge of the temple assisted by a shanbhog. There are also 9 Dharmadarsis to manage the affairs of the temple.

The total extent of land in the posse possession of the temple is 14,390 acres, of which only about 3,059 acres are cultivable. Temple lands are cultivated in the same way as Government lands. About 1,500 acres are on permanent tenure. There is an extent of 38 acres of bagayat. This is cultivated by the temple servants. They 11,000 acres used as gomal. A part of this contains coffee lands which may be given for cultivation. The area of hulbanni lands is 941 acres. There is an extent of

36 acre is is cultivated by the temple servants. They pay a fixed assessment to the temple and also do certain services durirg tne car festival. Coffee lands are about 3,800 acres in extent.

The total Jamabandy is Rs. 4,878-13-5. Some applications for darkhast are said to have been received to the extent of 50 acres this year. The arrears of kandayam are almost nil. Timber revenue to the temple is about Rs. 300 annually. The whole management of the temple affairs is vested in the Amildar of the Mudgere Taluk. Last year a sum of Rs. 1,500 is said to have been received from darkhasts.

The temple buildirg requres renovation.- Repairs are done by tne public Works Department. The people represent that the temple car is very old that that a new one is urgently required. The estimated cost of a new car is reported to be about Rs. 5,000.

The Executive Engineer should be asked to prepare a consolidated estimate for the repair of the temple and also for the car When the temple has ample furds, it is not clear why they should not be spent for the good of tne temple. In the meantime, the Deputy Commissioner should depute one of his Sub-Division Officers to go into the position of the temple, examine its leases, system of sale the contdition of tne car and other matters requiring urgent attention and submit a full report. It is also represented that a chattram is quite necessary to accommodate people who come to an out of the way place like Kalasa and that

it should be sanctioned by Government.
The Amildar should be asked to report upon
this matter at an early date.

Proceedings of the Government of H. H.

the Maharaja of Mysore.

Read.-

Page 19 of Part II of the Notes of Dewan's Second Provincial Tour in the Districts of Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan, in January and February 1922, ~~directing~~ Whereas it was directed with reference to the Sri Kalaseswaraswami temple at Kalasa that the Executive Engineer should be asked to prepare a consolidated estimate for the repair of the temple and also for the car and that the Deputy Commissioner should depute one of his Sub Division Officers to go into the position of the temple, examine its leases, system of sale, the condition of the car and other matters requiring urgent attention and submit a full report.

Letter No.C.126 dated the 2nd August 1924 from the Muzrai Commissioner in Mysore submitting ~~a comprehensive~~ the Dy Com'r's report in the matter ~~after personal investigation~~.

Order No. 628-31 --- Encl on file dated 3.11.24
Muzrj. 31-24-2

Recorded.

2. The Muzrai Commissioner is requested to submit a final report early on the action taken in respect of the following matters:-

1. Disposal of the pending Darkhasts.

2. Examination of the cases of permanent lease of the temple lands for ~~the amount of~~ assessment ~~to certain persons.~~ Sulka Equal to the Survey

3. The crediting to the temple accounts of the sale proceeds of sandal in previous years up to date.

4. The transfer to Forest Department of the control and management of the Forest belonging to the temple.

5. The revision of the scale of receipts and expenditure of the temple, and

6. Water-supply to Kalasa.

The question of water supply to Kalasa has to be decided at an early date.

29/10/24.

Revenue Secretary.

To

The Mazrai Commissioner in Mysore.
The Comptroller to Govt.